KENTFIELD SCHOOL DISTRICT COUNTY OF MARIN KENTFIELD, CALIFORNIA

AUDIT REPORT

JUNE 30, 2019

JUNE 30, 2019

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FINANCIAL SECTION

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education Kentfield School District Kentfield, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kentfield School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our unmodified and adverse audit opinions.

Board of Education Kentfield School District Page Two

Basis for Adverse Opinion on Discretely Presented Component Unit

The financial statements referred to above do not include financial data for the District's legally separate component unit. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require financial data for the component unit to be reported with the financial data of the District's primary government unless the District also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component unit. The District has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. Because of this departure from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues, and expenses of the discretely presented component unit are not reported.

Adverse Opinion

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on Discretely Presented Component Unit" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the discretely presented component unit of the District, as of June 30, 2019, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kentfield School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of the proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, and schedules of contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Matters (Concluded)

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Kentfield School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information listed in the table of contents is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basis financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 6, 2019 on our consideration of the Kentfield School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Kentfield School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Kentfield School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Stephen Roatch Accountancy Corporation

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION Certified Public Accountants

December 6, 2019

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

This section of Kentfield School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report presented on pages 1 through 3, and the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, presented on pages 16 and 17, provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's finances. The fund financial statements for governmental activities, presented on pages 18 through 21, provide information about how District services were financed in the short-term, and how much remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. The remaining statement provides financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside the District.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's overall financial status improved over the course of the year as total net position increased \$305,401.
- Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased \$10,218,312 due primarily to additions related to Kent Middle School's Modernization and New Music Classroom project and Bacich Elementary School's New Classroom Building project.
- Total long-term liabilities decreased \$1,464,907 due primarily to payments on the outstanding general obligation bond liability.
- The District's P-2 average daily attendance (ADA) decreased 1.0% in the current year, from 1,187 ADA in fiscal year 2017-18 down to 1,175 ADA in fiscal year 2018-19.
- The District maintains sufficient reserves for a district its size. It meets the state required minimum reserve for economic uncertainty of 3% of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo). During fiscal year 2018-19, General Fund expenditures and transfers out totaled \$19,704,721. At June 30, 2019, the District had available reserves of \$1,335,646 in the General Fund, which represents a reserve of 6.8%.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

THE FINANCIAL REPORT

The full annual financial report consists of three separate parts, including the basic financial statements, supplementary information, and management's discussion and analysis. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives, government-wide and funds.

- Government-wide financial statements, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial position.
- Individual parts of the District, which are reported as fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - Basic services funding is described in the governmental funds statements. These statements include short-term financing and identify the balance remaining for future spending.
 - Financial relationships, for which the District acts as an agent or trustee for the benefit of others to whom the resources belong, are presented in the fiduciary funds statements.

Notes to the financials, which are included in the financial statements, provide more detailed data and explain some of the information in the statements. The required supplementary information provides further explanations and provides additional support for the financial statements. A comparison of the District's budget for the year is included.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The District as a whole is reported in the government-wide statements and uses accounting methods similar to those used by companies in the private sector. All of the District's assets and liabilities are included in the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities reports all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The District's financial health or position (net position) can be measured by the difference between the District's assets and liabilities.

- Increases or decreases in the net position of the District over time are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- Additional non-financial factors such as the condition of school buildings and other facilities, and changes in the property tax base of the District need to be considered in assessing the overall health of the District.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

THE FINANCIAL REPORT (CONCLUDED)

Reporting the District as a Whole (Concluded)

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities all amounts represent governmental activities, since the District does not provide any services that should be categorized as business-type activities.

The basic services provided by the District, such as regular and special education, and administration, are included here, and are primarily financed by property taxes and state formula aid. Non-basic services, such as special education transportation are also included here, but are financed by a combination of state and local revenues.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

The District's fund-based financial statements provide detailed information about the District's most significant funds. Some funds are required to be established by State law and bond covenants. However, the District establishes many other funds as needed to control and manage money for specific purposes.

Governmental Funds:

The major governmental funds of the Kentfield School District are the General Fund, the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund, and the Building Fund. Governmental fund reporting focuses on how money flows into and out of the funds and the balances that remain at the end of the year. A modified accrual basis of accounting measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and services. Governmental fund information helps to determine the level of financial resources available in the near future to finance the District's programs.

Fiduciary Funds:

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its student activity funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate fiduciary statement. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance their operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's overall financial status improved during the course of the year, as total net position increased \$305,401.

Comparative Statement	t of Net Position							
	Governmental Activities							
	2018 201	9						
<u>Assets</u> Deposits and Investments Receivables Capital Assets, net * Total Assets *	\$ 28,395,680 \$ 17,869 640,929 433 26,898,773 37,113 55,935,382 55,420	3,663 7,085						
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> OPEB Deferrals Pension Deferrals Deferred Amount on Refunding Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,117,723 4,81 245,765 21	8,754 1,066 <u>8,907</u> 8,727						
<u>Liabilities</u> Current Long-term Total Liabilities	3,907,179 5,009 62,467,306 60,113 66,374,485 65,123							
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> OPEB Deferrals Pension Deferrals Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,274,174 1,42	0,228 7,377 7,605						
<u>Net Position</u> Net Investment in Capital Assets * Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit)	3,641,5883,80(12,633,829)(13,39)							
Total Net Position (Deficit) * \$ (6,396,849) \$ (6,091,448) Table includes financial data of the combined governmental funds * The amounts presented for fiscal year 2017-18 have been adjusted to reflect the restatement discussed in Note 18 of these financial statements.								

The unrestricted deficit balance, presented above, is a result of the District's requirement to record liabilities in the financial statements to reflect the District's total OPEB liability and its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities related to its participation in the CaISTRS and CaIPERS pension plans.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

The District's total revenues exceeded total expenses by \$305,401 in fiscal year 2018-19.

Comparative Statement of Changes in Net Position								
	Governmer	ntal Activities						
	2018	2019						
Program Revenues Operating Grants & Contributions	\$ 1,745,840	\$ 2,453,646						
<u>General Revenues</u> Taxes Levied Federal & State Aid Interest & Investment Earnings Miscellaneous	15,202,823 1,341,488 127,632 1,562,410	16,591,935 1,379,899 372,073 2,006,988						
Total Revenues	19,980,193	22,804,541						
Expenses Instruction Instruction-Related Services Pupil Services General Administration Plant Services Ancillary Services Community Services Interest on Long-Term Debt Other Outgo Total Expenses	14,044,654 1,999,122 598,243 1,350,010 1,137,053 17,844 6,936 877,999 601,005 20,632,866	14,957,219 2,159,244 700,183 1,379,813 1,386,874 20,492 13,716 1,513,663 367,936 22,499,140						
Changes in Net Position Before Special Item	(652,673)	305,401						
<u>Special Item</u> Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	(228,390)	0						
Changes in Net Position	\$ (881,063)	\$ 305,401						
Table includes financial data of the combined governmental f	funds							

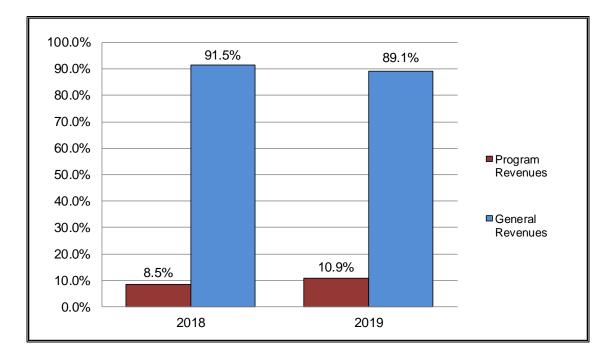
(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

The table below presents the cost of major District activities. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The \$20,045,494 total net cost represents the financial burden that was placed on the District's general revenues for providing the services listed below.

	 Total Cost of Services				Net Cost of	of Se	ervices	
	2018 2019				2018		2019	
Instruction	\$ 14,044,654	\$	14,957,219	\$	12,677,482	\$	12,926,509	
Instruction-Related Services	1,999,122		2,159,244		1,915,752		2,009,746	
Pupil Services	598,243		700,183		539,260		605,964	
General Administration	1,350,010		1,379,813		1,333,157		1,311,729	
Plant Services	1,137,053		1,386,874		1,122,883		1,357,095	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	877,999		1,513,663		877,999		1,513,663	
Other Expenses	 625,785		402,144		420,493		320,788	
Totals	\$ 20,632,866	\$	22,499,140	\$	18,887,026	\$	20,045,494	

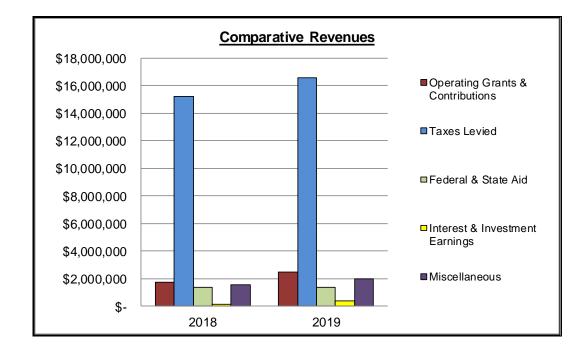
In fiscal year 2018-19, program revenues financed only 10.9% of the total cost of providing the services listed above, while the general revenues of the District financed the remaining 89.1%.



(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

Schedule of Revenues For Governmental Functions									
		FYE 2018 Amount	Percent of Total		FYE 2019 Amount	Percent of Total			
Program Revenues Operating Grants & Contributions	\$	1,745,840	8.74%	\$	2,453,646	10.76%			
<u>General Revenues</u> Taxes Levied Federal & State Aid		15,202,823 1,341,488	76.09% 6.71%		16,591,935 1.379.899	72.76% 6.05%			
Interest & Investment Earnings Miscellaneous		127,632	0.64%		372,073 2,006,988	1.63% 8.80%			
Total Revenues	\$	19,980,193	100.00%	\$	22,804,541	100.00%			
Table includes financial data of the combined	goverr	nmental funds							

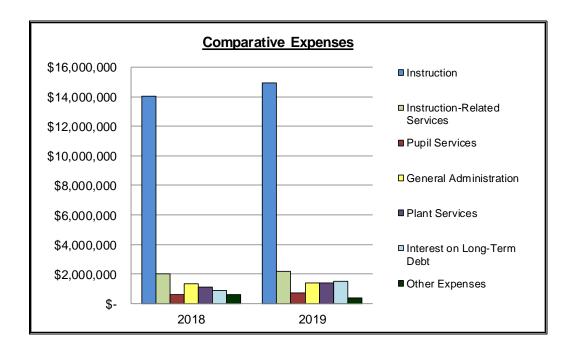


(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

Schedule of Expenses For Governmental Functions									
		FYE 2018 Amount	Percent of Total		FYE 2019 Amount	Percent of Total			
Expenses									
Instruction	\$	14,044,654	68.07%	\$	14,957,219	66.48%			
Instruction-Related Services		1,999,122	9.69%		2,159,244	9.60%			
Pupil Services		598,243	2.90%		700,183	3.11%			
General Administration		1,350,010	6.54%		1,379,813	6.13%			
Plant Services		1,137,053	5.51%		1,386,874	6.16%			
Interest on Long-Term Debt		877,999	4.26%		1,513,663	6.73%			
Other Expenses		625,785	3.03%		402,144	1.79%			
Total Expenses	\$	20,632,866	100.00%	\$	22,499,140	100.00%			

Table includes financial data of the combined governmental funds



(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

	Governmental Activities						
	2018			2019			
Land	\$	1,514,919	\$	1,514,919			
Work-In-Progress *		9,872,433		19,851,360			
Sites and Improvements		782,607		704,290			
Buildings and Improvements		14,601,234		14,050,457			
Furniture and Equipment		127,580		996,059			
Capital Assets, net *	\$	26,898,773	\$	37,117,085			

Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased \$10,218,312 due primarily to additions related to Kent Middle School's Modernization and New Music Classroom project and Bacich Elementary School's New Classroom Building project.

Comparative Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities								
	Governmental Activities							
		2018	2019					
Compensated Absences General Obligation Bonds Bond Premiums Capital Leases Early Retirement Incentives Total OPEB Liability Net Pension Liabilities	\$	112,803 39,690,000 3,347,295 1,198,581 172,257 1,714,710 17,921,196	\$	115,678 38,560,000 3,116,430 1,063,770 154,007 1,863,345 17,818,705				
Totals	\$	64,156,842	\$	62,691,935				

Total long-term liabilities decreased \$1,464,907 due primarily to payments on the outstanding general obligation bond liability.

The general obligation bonds are financed by local taxpayers and represent approximately 62% of the District's total long-term liabilities. The remaining long-term liabilities will be financed primarily by the General Fund.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONCLUDED)

The District has satisfied all of its debt service requirements for its bonded debt and continues to maintain an excellent credit rating on its current debt issues. The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial presentation and contain more detailed information as to interest, principal, retirement amounts, and future debt retirement dates.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Comparative Schedule of Fund Balances										
		ind Balances ine 30, 2018		und Balances une 30, 2019		Increase (Decrease)				
General Bond Interest & Redemption Building Capital Facilities Kent Middle School Gymnasium Capital Projects - Special Reserve	\$	2,239,664 3,808,929 19,686,730 5,254 107,079 1,211,904	\$	2,023,954 4,215,384 8,820,773 18,599 105,784 1,380,057	\$	(215,710) 406,455 (10,865,957) 13,345 (1,295) 168,153				
Totals	\$	27,059,560	\$	16,564,551	\$	(10,495,009)				

The fund balance of the General Fund decreased \$215,710. The fund balance of the Building Fund decreased \$10,865,957 due to current year expenditures related to the ongoing construction projects at Kent Middle School and Bacich Elementary School.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The District's budget is prepared in accordance with California law and is based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget based on updated financial information. The original budget, approved at the end of June for July 1, is based on May Revise figures and updated 45 days after the State approves its final budget. In addition, the District revises its budget at First and Second Interim to reflect the most current financial information available at that point in time. The original budget presented on page 59 includes only new revenues for fiscal year 2018-19.

ECONOMIC FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

The Kent Middle School Modernization, Relocation of Administrative Building, and New Music Classroom construction projects were materially completed prior to the beginning of school in fiscal year 2019-20. The Bacich Elementary School Modernization and New Classroom Building construction projects progressed in 2018-19 and are expected to be completed sometime in the fall of 2019.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

ECONOMIC FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE (CONCLUDED)

Employer contribution rates for CaISTRS and CaIPERS will continue to increase on an annual basis through fiscal year 2020-21. In addition, there is an increasing risk of an economic downturn as the current expansion cycle has exceeded most previous cycles. The Governor and Department of Finance continue to urge the Legislation and local governments, including local education agencies, to plan for the next recession.

Accordingly, the District's budget should continue to be managed with a great degree of conservatism over the next few years. The District has an excellent track record in meeting this challenge in what has proven to be a cycle of lean years and prosperous years for education finances.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions regarding this report or need additional financial information, contact the District Office, Kentfield School District, 750 College Avenue, Kentfield, California 94904.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

KENTFIELD SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Deposits and Investments (Note 2)	\$ 17,869,697
Receivables (Note 3)	433,663
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated (Note 5)	21,366,279
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation (Note 5)	15,750,806
Total Assets	55,420,445
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
OPEB Deferrals (Note 9)	48,754
Pension Deferrals (Note 10)	4,811,066
Bond Refunding (Note 1H)	218,907
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,078,727
Liabilitiaa	
Liabilities Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities	1,305,178
Construction Retention Payable	433,631
Accrued Interest Payable	692,271
Long-Term Liabilities:	,
Portion Due or Payable Within One Year:	
Compensated Absences (Note 1H)	115,678
General Obligation Bonds (Note 6)	2,000,000
Bond Premiums (Note 6)	230,866
Capital Leases (Note 7)	170,453
Early Retirement Incentives (Note 8)	61,512
Portion Due or Payable After One Year:	
General Obligation Bonds (Note 6)	36,560,000
Bond Premiums (Note 6)	2,885,564
Capital Leases (Note 7)	893,317
Early Retirement Incentives (Note 8)	92,495
Total OPEB Liability (Note 9)	1,863,345
Net Pension Liabilities (Note 10)	17,818,705
Total Liabilities	65,123,015
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
OPEB Deferrals (Note 9)	40,228
Pension Deferrals (Note 10)	1,427,377
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,467,605
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
<u>Net Position</u>	0.407.000
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,497,390
Restricted:	40 500
For Capital Projects	18,599
For Debt Service	3,523,113
For Educational Programs	265,089
For Other Purposes Unrestricted (Deficit)	700 (13,396,339)
	· · · · · ·
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (6,091,448)

KENTFIELD SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			_	P	Progr	am Revenue	S		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions		Expenses	Charge Serv			Operating Grants and ontributions	Gı	apital rants and ibutions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities									
Instruction Instruction-Related Services:	\$	14,957,219			\$	2,030,710			\$ (12,926,509)
Supervision of Instruction		101,670				21,958			(79,712)
Instructional Library and Technology		426,338				23,361			(402,977)
School Site Administration Pupil Services:		1,631,236				104,179			(1,527,057)
Other Pupil Services General Administration:		700,183				94,219			(605,964)
Data Processing Services		24,789							(24,789)
Other General Administration		1,355,024				68,084			(1,286,940)
Plant Services		1,386,874				29,779			(1,357,095)
Ancillary Services		20,492				1,322			(19,170)
Community Services		13,716							(13,716)
Interest on Long-Term Debt		1,513,663							(1,513,663)
Other Outgo		367,936				80,034			(287,902)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	22,499,140	\$	0	\$	2,453,646	\$	0	(20,045,494)
General Revenues									
Taxes Levied for General Purposes									9,303,936
Taxes Levied for Debt Service									2,913,035
Taxes Levied for Specific Purposes									4,374,964
Federal and State Aid - Unrestricted									1,379,899
Interest and Investment Earnings Miscellaneous									372,073
Miscellarieous									2,006,988
Total General Revenues									20,350,895
Change in Net Position									305,401
Net Position (Deficit) - July 1, 2018 (As I	Rest	ated - Note 18)						(6,396,849)
Net Position (Deficit) - June 30, 2019									\$ (6,091,448)

KENTFIELD SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	General	Bond Interest and Redemption	Building	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>					
Deposits and Investments (Note 2) Receivables (Note 3)	\$ 1,971,663 433,663	\$ 4,215,384	\$ 10,170,935	\$ 1,511,715	\$ 17,869,697 433,663
Total Assets	\$ 2,405,326	\$ 4,215,384	\$ 10,170,935	\$ 1,511,715	\$ 18,303,360
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$ 381,372		\$ 1,350,162	\$ 7,275	\$ 1,738,809
Total Liabilities	381,372		1,350,162	7,275	1,738,809
Fund Balances: (Note 13)					
Nonspendable	700				700
Restricted	265,089	\$ 4,215,384	8,820,773	18,599	13,319,845
Assigned	422,519			1,485,841	1,908,360
Unassigned	1,335,646				1,335,646
Total Fund Balances	2,023,954	4,215,384	8,820,773	1,504,440	16,564,551
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 2,405,326	\$ 4,215,384	\$ 10,170,935	\$ 1,511,715	\$ 18,303,360

KENTFIELD SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds, due to the following: Capital assets: in governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation. \$ 55,190,970 Capital assets: Accumulated Depreciation Net \$ 15,730 Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other post employment benefits (OPEB): in governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB 48,754 Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB 48,754 Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB 48,754 Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In et position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions 4,811,066 Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions In et position, all isabities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. 218,907 Unamotized costs: In governmental funds, the gain or loss from debt refunding activities is recognized in the period they are includies and inflows of resources, are: 218,907 Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. Long-term liabilities: relating to governmental funds, intereston long-term debt. In governmental funds, interest on l	Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 16,564,551
of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation. Capital Assets Accumulated Depreciation Net 37,117,085 Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other post employment benefits (OPEB): In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB (40,228) Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions (1,427,377) Unamortized costs: In governmental funds, the gain or loss from debt refunding activities is recognized in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, the gain or loss is deferred and amortized as interest over the life of the new or refunded debt, whichever period is shorter. The deferred amount from refunding, reported. Long- term liabilities: In governmental activities are: Compensated Absences General Obligation Bonds Total Defert dubit the period the which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owed at the end of the period was: (692,271)			
Accumulated Depreciation Net (18,073.885) Accumulated Depreciation Net 37,117,085 Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other post employment benefits (OPEB): In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB 48,754 Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB (40,228) Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions 4,811,066 Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions 4,811,066 Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions (14,227,377) Unamortized costs: In governmental funds, the gain or loss is deferred and amotized as interest over the life of the new or refunded debt, whichever period is shorter. The deferred amount from refunding, reported as deferred outflows of resources, are: 218,907 Long-term liabilities: In governmental activities are: \$ 115,678 Compensated Absences General Obligation Bonds Bond Premiums Capital Leases \$ 10,63,770 Total 18,603,456 17,818,705 (62,691,935) Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governm	of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated		
(OPEB): In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to Pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions 4,811,066 Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions 4,811,066 Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions (1,427,377) Unamortized costs: In governmental funds, the gain or loss from debt refunding activities is recognized in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, the gain or loss is deferred and amortized as interest over the life of the new or refunded debt, whichever period is shorter. The deferred amount from refunding, reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities: negoting to governmental funds, only current liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities are: \$ 115,678 38,560,000 3,116,430 3,660,000 3,116,430 1,663,770 1	Accumulated Depreciation		37,117,085
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (40,228) Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions 4.811,066 Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions 4.811,066 Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions 4.811,066 Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions 218,907 Unamortized costs: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities are: 218,907 Compensated Absences \$ 115,678 38,560,000 Bond Premiums 3.16,430 1,063,770 Capital Leases 1,063,770 1,863,345 Total 154,007 1,863,345 Total 17,	(OPEB): In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of		
deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported:			
Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions(1,427,377)Unamortized costs: In governmental funds, the gain or loss from debt refunding activities is recognized in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, the gain or loss is deferred and amortized as interest over the life of the new or refunded debt, whichever period is shorter. The deferred amount from refunding, reported as deferred outflows of resources, are:218,907Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long- term liabilities relating to governmental activities are:\$ 115,678 38,560,000 3,116,430 1,063,770 154,007 1,663,770 154,007 1,863,345 17,818,705\$ (62,691,935)Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owed at the end of the period was:(692,271)	deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows		
is recognized in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, the gain or loss is deferred and amortized as interest over the life of the new or refunded debt, whichever period is shorter. The deferred amount from refunding, reported as deferred outflows of resources, are: 218,907 Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities are: Compensated Absences \$ 115,678 General Obligation Bonds 38,560,000 Bond Premiums 31,16,430 Capital Leases 1,063,770 Early Retirement Incentives 1,164,007 Total OPEB Liability 1,863,345 Net Pension Liabilities 1, governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owed at the end of the period was: (692,271)			
deferred outflows of resources, are: 218,907 Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities are: \$ 115,678 Compensated Absences \$ 115,678 General Obligation Bonds 38,560,000 Bond Premiums 3,116,430 Capital Leases 1,063,770 Early Retirement Incentives 154,007 Total OPEB Liability 1,863,345 Net Pension Liabilities 17,818,705 Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owed at the end of the period was: (692,271)	is recognized in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, the gain or loss is deferred and amortized as interest over the life of the new or refunded		
statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long- term liabilities relating to governmental activities are: Compensated Absences General Obligation Bonds Bond Premiums Capital Leases Early Retirement Incentives Total OPEB Liability Net Pension Liabilities Total Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owed at the end of the period was: (692,271)			218,907
General Obligation Bonds38,560,000Bond Premiums3,116,430Capital Leases1,063,770Early Retirement Incentives154,007Total OPEB Liability1,863,345Net Pension Liabilities17,818,705Total(62,691,935)Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt(62,691,935)Unmatured interest on congrized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide(692,271)	statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-		
Total (62,691,935) Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owed at the end of the period was: (62,691,935)	General Obligation Bonds Bond Premiums Capital Leases Early Retirement Incentives Total OPEB Liability	38,560,000 3,116,430 1,063,770 154,007 1,863,345	
is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owed at the end of the period was: (692,271)		17,818,705	(62,691,935)
	is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional		(692.271)
<u>↓ (0,001,10)</u>	Total Net Position (Deficit) - Governmental Activities		\$ (6,091,448)

KENTFIELD SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General	Bond Interest and Redemption	Building	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Revenues</u>					
LCFF Sources: State Apportionment / Transfers Local Taxes	\$ 916,500 9,303,936				\$ 916,500 9,303,936
Total LCFF Sources	10,220,436				10,220,436
Federal Revenue State Revenue Local Revenue	235,986 2,056,426 6,976,163	\$	\$ 266,029	\$ 71,251	235,986 2,065,445 10,272,086
Total Revenues	19,489,011	2,967,662	266,029	71,251	22,793,953
Expenditures Current: Instruction Supervision of Instruction Instructional Library and Technology School Site Administration Other Pupil Services Data Processing Services Other General Administration Plant Services Facilities Acquisition and Construction Ancillary Services Other Outgo Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Issuance Costs	13,833,593 101,568 409,869 1,543,008 691,870 24,789 1,278,977 1,151,589 36,308 14,205 365,156 174,388 46,978	1,130,000 1,441,795	11,203,986	3,140 107,908	13,833,593 101,568 409,869 1,543,008 691,870 24,789 1,278,977 1,154,729 11,348,202 14,205 365,156 1,304,388 1,488,773
Total Expenditures	19,672,298	2,571,795	11,203,986	111,048	33,559,127
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(183,287)	395,867	(10,937,957)	(39,797)	(10,765,174)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out Other Sources	(72,000) 39,577	10,588	72,000	220,000	72,000 (72,000) 270,165
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(32,423)	10,588	72,000	220,000	270,165
Net Change in Fund Balances	(215,710)	406,455	(10,865,957)	180,203	(10,495,009)
Fund Balances - July 1, 2018	2,239,664	3,808,929	19,686,730	1,324,237	27,059,560
Fund Balances - June 30, 2019	\$ 2,023,954	\$ 4,215,384	\$ 8,820,773	\$ 1,504,440	\$ 16,564,551

KENTFIELD SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ (10,495,009) Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds due to the following: Capital outlay: In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is: Capital Outlay Expenditures 11,197,626 \$ **Depreciation Expense** (979,314) Net 10,218,312 Earned but unavailable revenues: In governmental funds, revenues are recognized only to the extent that they are available. In the government-wide statements, revenue is recognized when earned, regardless of availability. The amount of earned but unavailable revenues relating to the current period, less revenues that became available in the current period but related to a prior period is: (220,000)Debt service: In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were: 1,304,388 Debt proceeds: In governmental funds, proceeds from debt are recognized as Other Financing Sources. In the government-wide statements, proceeds from debt are reported as increases to liabilities. Amounts recognized in governmental funds as proceeds from debt, net of issue premiums or discounts, were: (39, 577)Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was: (231,677) Compensated absences and early retirement incentives: In governmental funds, compensated absences and early retirement incentives are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences and early retirement incentives are measured by the amounts earned. The difference between amounts paid and amounts earned 15,375 were: Other post employment benefits (OPEB): In governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was: (93,049)Pensions: In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was: (357, 369)Amortization of debt issue premium or discount or deferred gain or loss from debt refunding: In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or discount, the premium or discount is recognized as Other Financing Sources or Other Financing Uses in the period it is incurred In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount, plus any deferred gain or loss from debt refunding, is amortized as interest over the life of the debt. Amortization of premiums or discount, or deferred gain or loss from debt refunding, for the period is: 204,007 **Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities** 305,401

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE STATEMENTS

KENTFIELD SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Agency Funds		Total Fiduciary Funds	
<u>Assets</u> Deposits and Investments (Note 2)	\$	32,223	\$	32,223
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to Student Groups		32,223		32,223
<u>Net Position</u> Total Net Position	\$	0	\$	0

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u>

The Kentfield School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of California. It is governed by a five member Board of Education elected by registered voters of the District, which comprises an area in Marin County. The District serves students in kindergarten through grade eight.

The District accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The financial reporting entity consists of the following:

- > The primary government
- > Organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable
- Other organizations for which the primary government may determine, through exercise of management's professional judgment, that the inclusion of an organization that does not meet the financial accountability criteria is necessary in order to prevent the reporting entity's financial statements from being misleading. In such instances, the organization should be included as a component unit.

The nucleus of a financial reporting entity is usually a primary government. Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 61 (GASB 61), *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, defines a *primary government* as any state government, general-purpose local government, or special-purpose government that meets all of the following criteria:

- It has a separately elected governing body
- > It is legally separate
- It is fiscally independent of other state and local governments

The primary government consists of all funds that make up the legal entity. The primary government also consists of funds for which it has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those funds may represent organizations that do not meet the definition for inclusion in the financial reporting entity.

Component units include legally separate organizations (whether governmental, not-forprofit, or for-profit organizations) for which elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. A primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (a) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (b) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The primary government is financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government regardless of whether the organization has (a) a separately elected governing board, (b) a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or (c) a jointly appointed board. The primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects, activities, or level of services performed or provided by the organization.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity (Concluded)</u>

An organization can provide a financial benefit to, or impose a financial burden on, a primary government in a variety of ways. An organization has a financial benefit or burden relationship with the primary government if, for example, any one of these conditions exists:

- The primary government is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources.
- The primary government is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization.
- > The primary government is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

In addition, GASB 61 also requires certain organizations to be included as component units if the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that excluding them would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. Based on the GASB 61 criteria and definitions, the District is the primary government and there are no material potential component units, which should be included in the Financial Reporting Entity in these financial statements.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 39 (GASB 39), *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, provides further guidance, stating that a legally separate organization should be reported as a component unit if all of the following criteria are met:

- The economic resources received or held by the organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government or its component units.
- The primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the organization.
- The economic resources received or held by the organization that the primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to that primary government.

The District has determined that the Kentfield Schools Foundation (the Foundation), a nonprofit, public benefit corporation, meets the criteria set forth in GASB 39. However, since the Foundation does not issue audited financial statements, the financial statements of the District include only the financial data of the primary government, which consists of all funds that comprise the District's legal entity, and all funds for which it has a fiduciary responsibility. The financial statements do not include financial data of the Foundation, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be reported with the financial data of the primary government. As a result, these financial statements do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the financial reporting entity, or its respective changes in its financial position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District and its component units. The effect of interfund activity within the governmental activities column has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for the governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by a program, as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major governmental fund is presented in a separate column, and all non-major funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 45, 60, 90 days after year-end, depending on the revenue source. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California Districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to state apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue:

Unearned revenue arises when assets are received before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Certain grant funds received before eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables associated with non-exchange transactions that will not be collected within the availability period have also been recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures:

On an accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. <u>Basis of Accounting (Concluded)</u>

Expenses/Expenditures (Concluded):

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity or retained earnings, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The District maintains the following governmental fund types:

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Debt Service Funds - Debt service funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

The District's funds are organized into major, non-major, and fiduciary funds as follows:

Major Governmental Funds:

The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the District. For financial reporting purposes the financial activities and balances of the Deferred Maintenance Fund and Special Revenue - Special Reserve Fund have been combined with the General Fund. During fiscal year 2018-19, the Board closed the Special Revenue - Special Reserve Fund.

The *Bond Interest and Redemption Fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the repayment of District bonds, interest, and related costs.

The *Building Fund* is used to account for resources including bonds proceeds from the Election of 2014 (Measure D) authorization to finance school improvement and expansion.

Non-Major Governmental Funds:

The *Capital Facilities Fund* is used to account for resources received from developer impact fees assessed under provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Fund Accounting (Concluded)

Non-Major Governmental Funds (Concluded):

The *Kent Middle School Gymnasium Fund* was established to account for donations from the community and expenditures for the construction of a new gymnasium. The fund is currently used to account for facilities use fees generated by the gymnasium, which are used to maintain the facility.

The *Capital Projects - Special Reserve Fund* was established to account for revenues and expenditures associated with the acquisition of the new District Office. The proceeds from the sale of District property in fiscal year 2016-17 will be used for future capital improvement projects.

Fiduciary Funds:

Agency Funds are used to account for assets of others for which the District acts as an agent. The District maintains an agency fund for the student body activities at Adeline E. Kent Middle School and Anthony G. Bacich Elementary School. The District maintains student body funds, which are used to account for the raising and expending of money to promote the general welfare, and educational experience of the student body.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds. By state law, the District's governing board must adopt a final budget no later than July 1. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's Governing Board satisfied these requirements.

These budgets are revised by the District's Governing Board and Superintendent during the year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures. The original and final revised budget is presented for the General Fund as required supplementary information on page 59.

Formal budgetary integration was employed as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. The District employs budget control by minor object and by individual appropriation accounts. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object account.

F. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. <u>Encumbrances</u>

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated at June 30.

H. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Equity</u>

1. Deposits and Investments

The District is authorized to maintain cash in banks and revolving funds that are insured to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code Section 41001).

The County is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California *Government Code* Section 53648 et seq. The funds maintained by the County are either secured by the FDIC or are collateralized.

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies; certificates of participation; obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost.

2. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the asset's lives are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)</u>

2. <u>Capital Assets (Concluded)</u>

Depreciation on all capital assets is computed using a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	<u>Years</u>
Sites and Improvements	6-36
Buildings and Improvements	7-40
Furniture and Equipment	5-20

3. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time.

4. Compensated Absences

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken, since such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

5. <u>Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)</u>

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District. For this purpose, the District recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Equity (Continued)</u>

6. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), and additions to/deductions from the CalSTRS' and CalPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, when applicable.

7. Long-term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the obligation, when applicable. Liabilities are reported net of applicable premiums and discounts.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize premiums and discounts when the debt is issued. The face amount of the debt issued, premiums and discounts are reported as other financing sources or uses.

8. Fund Balances

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent.

The five fund balance classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance includes amounts that are not expected to be converted to cash, such as resources that are not in spendable form (e.g., inventories and prepaids) or that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts constrained to a specific purpose by their providers (e.g., creditors, grantors, and contributors), or by law.

Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that are constrained to specific purposes by the Board. For this purpose, all commitments of funds shall be approved by majority vote of the Board. The constraints shall be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period (June 30), although the actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Equity (Continued)</u>

8. Fund Balances (Concluded)

Assigned Fund Balance includes amounts which are intended for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The Board delegates authority to assign funds to the Superintendent and authorizes the assignment of such funds to be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements. The Superintendent may further delegate the authority to assign funds at his/her discretion.

Unassigned Fund Balance includes amounts that are available for any purpose.

The Board intends to maintain a minimum assigned and unassigned fund balance in an amount the Board deems sufficient to maintain fiscal solvency and stability to protect the District against unforeseen circumstances. If the assigned and unassigned fund balance falls below the level set by the Board due to an emergency situation, unexpected expenditures, or revenue shortfalls, the Board shall develop a plan to recover the fund balance, which may include dedicating new unrestricted revenues, reducing expenditures, and/or increasing revenues or pursuing other funding sources.

When multiple types of funds are available for an expenditure, the District shall first utilize funds from the restricted fund balance, as appropriate, then from the committed fund balance, then from the assigned fund balance, and lastly from the unassigned fund balance.

9. Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF)/Property Tax

The formula for determining the level of funding per student is the "Local Control Funding Formula" (LCFF). District funding under the LCFF is generally provided by a mix of state aid and local property taxes.

The County of Marin is responsible for assessing, collecting and apportioning property taxes to the District. Taxes are levied for each fiscal year on taxable real and personal property in the county. The levy is based on the assessed values as of the preceding January 1, which is also the lien date. Property taxes on the secured roll are due on November 1 and February 1, and taxes become delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due on the lien date (January 1), and become delinquent if unpaid by August 31.

Secured property taxes are recorded as revenue when apportioned, in the fiscal year of the levy. The county apportions secured property tax revenue in accordance with the alternative method of distribution prescribed by Section 4705 of the California *Revenue and Taxation Code.* This alternate method provides for crediting each applicable fund with its total secured taxes upon completion of the secured tax roll, approximately October 1 of each year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONCLUDED)

H. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Equity (Concluded)</u>

9. Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF)/Property Tax (Concluded)

The County Auditor reports the amount of the District's allocated property tax revenue to the California Department of Education. The District records property taxes as local LCFF sources. The California Department of Education reduces the District's LCFF transition entitlement by the District's local property tax revenue. Any balance remaining is paid from the State General Fund, and is known as LCFF State Aid.

Since the amount of property taxes received by the District exceeds the amount of the LCFF entitlement, the District is considered to be a "basic aid" school district, and is permitted to keep all of its property tax revenue. In addition, as guaranteed by the California Constitution, the State must apportion \$120 per pupil to the District. However, the categorical aid that the District receives counts toward this requirement.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2019, consist of the following:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		iduciary ctivities
Cash on Hand and in Banks Cash in Revolving Fund Cash with Fiscal Agent County Pool Investments	\$	\$	32,223
Totals	\$ 17,869,697	\$	32,223

Cash on Hand and in Banks

Cash on hand and in banks consists of all cash held by the District and all cash maintained in commercial bank accounts owned by the District, exclusive of amounts held in revolving funds.

Cash in Revolving Fund

Cash in revolving fund consists of all cash maintained in commercial bank accounts that are used as revolving funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Summary of Deposits and Investments (Concluded)

Cash with Fiscal Agent

Cash with fiscal agent consists of construction retentions held in escrow accounts maintained at First Republic Bank that will be released to the contractor upon completion of the construction projects at Kent Middle School and Bacich Elementary School.

County Pool Investments

County pool investments consist of District cash held by the Marin County Treasury that is invested in the county investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the financial statements at amounts that are based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

General Authorization

Limitation as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedule below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the Marin County Investment pool and money market mutual funds.

Weighted Average Maturity

The District monitors the interest rate risk inherent in its portfolio by measuring the weighted average maturity of its portfolio. Information about the weighted average maturity of the District's portfolio is presented in the following schedule:

Investment Type	Carrying	Fair	Weighted Average
	Value	Value	Days to Maturity
County Pool Investments	\$ 17,435,366	\$ 17,555,623	218

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2019, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONCLUDED)

Fair Value Measurements (Concluded)

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the District has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 assets may include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market and that are highly liquid and are actively traded in over-the-counter markets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, such as interest rates and curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied volatilities, and credit spreads. For financial reporting purposes, if an asset has a specific term, a Level 2 input is required to be observable for substantially the full term of the asset.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Marin County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements are as follows at June 30, 2019:

	Fair	
Investment Type	Value	Uncategorized
County Pool Investments	\$ 17,555,623	\$ 17,555,623

All assets have been valued using a market approach, with quoted market prices.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2019 consist of the following:

	 General Fund
Federal Government State Government Local Governments Miscellaneous	\$ 245,780 92,427 90,738 4,718
Total	\$ 433,663

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND ACTIVITIES

Interfund transactions are reported as either loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables, as appropriate, and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers consist of operating transfers from funds receiving revenue to funds where the resources are to be expended. The interfund transfer made in fiscal year 2018-19 was as follows:

General Fund transfer to Building Fund to reimburse Prop 39	
project expenditures originally paid with bond proceeds	\$ 72,000

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

	Balances July 1, 2018			Balances June 30, 2019	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Work-in-Progress *	\$ 1,514,919 9,872,433	<u>\$ 11,351,341</u>	\$ 1,372,414	\$ 1,514,919 19,851,360	
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated *	11,387,352	11,351,341	1,372,414	21,366,279	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Sites and Improvements Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment	3,411,009 28,938,429 256,554	240,979 977,720		3,411,009 29,179,408 1,234,274	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	32,605,992	1,218,699	0	33,824,691	
Less Accumulated Depreciation: Sites and Improvements Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Total Accumulated Depreciation	2,628,402 14,337,195 128,974 17,094,571	78,317 791,756 109,241 979,314	0	2,706,719 15,128,951 238,215 18,073,885	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	15,511,421	239,385	0	15,750,806	
Capital Assets, Net *	\$ 26,898,773	\$ 11,590,726	\$ 1,372,414	\$ 37,117,085	

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

* The July 1, 2018 balances have been adjusted to reflect the restatement discussed in Note 18.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION (CONCLUDED)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction	\$ 874,266
Instruction-Related Services	37,525
General Administration	27,469
Plant Services	20,183
Ancillary Services	6,155
Community Services	 13,716
Total	\$ 979,314

NOTE 6 - GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

The District's outstanding general obligation debt, excluding \$3,116,430 of unamortized bond premiums, as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Date of Issue	Interest Rate %	Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	Outstanding July 1, 2018	Issued Current Year	Redeemed Current Year	Outstanding June 30, 2019
1/18/12	2.00-3.50	8/1/29	\$ 9,585,000	\$ 7,115,000		\$ 500,000	\$ 6,615,000
5/13/15	3.00-5.00	8/1/44	12,000,000	10,295,000			10,295,000
5/13/15	2.00-5.00	8/1/23	5,535,000	4,280,000		630,000	3,650,000
5/17/18	3.00-5.00	8/1/43	18,000,000	18,000,000			18,000,000
		Totals	\$ 45,120,000	\$ 39,690,000	\$0	\$ 1,130,000	\$ 38,560,000

The annual requirements to amortize the general obligation bonds, as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Year Ended June 30	 Principal	Interest		Totals
2020	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 1,630,706	\$	3,630,706
2021	2,095,000	1,551,356		3,646,356
2022	1,610,000	1,475,556		3,085,556
2023	1,500,000	1,413,181		2,913,181
2024	1,615,000	1,351,956		2,966,956
2025-2029	5,320,000	6,118,100		11,438,100
2030-2034	4,955,000	5,061,822		10,016,822
2035-2039	7,180,000	3,821,013		11,001,013
2040-2044	11,245,000	1,739,975		12,984,975
2045-2049	1,040,000	 26,000		1,066,000
Totals	\$ 38,560,000	\$ 24,189,665	\$	62,749,665

The general obligation bonds are secured by the full faith and credit of the District. In order to provide sufficient funds for the repayment of principal and interest on the bonds when due, the Board of Supervisors of Marin County is empowered and obligated to annually levy ad valorem taxes upon all property subject to taxation in the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL LEASES

On October 7, 2011, the District refinanced the lease purchase agreement for the District Office building on the outstanding principal amount of \$1,647,947 at an effective interest rate of 3.956%. The agreement requires monthly lease payments of \$11,652.94 and continues through September 7, 2027, at which time title will pass to the District. The lease is secured by two buildings located at Bacich Elementary School. There is no acceleration clause in the agreement.

On October 26, 2017, the District entered into a capital lease agreement to finance the purchase of \$165,867 of computer equipment. This agreement requires an annual payment of \$57,998 in fiscal year 2019-20. On August 1, 2018, the District entered into a capital lease agreement to finance the purchase of \$39,577 of computer equipment. This agreement requires annual payments of \$13,998 in fiscal years 2019-20 and 2020-21. These lease agreements provide for title to pass upon expiration of the lease periods and are secured by the underlying equipment.

Future minimum lease payments under all agreements are as follows:

Year Ended June 30	F	Lease Payments
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025-2029	\$	211,832 153,833 139,835 139,835 139,835 454,443
Total payments		1,239,613
Less amounts representing interest		(175,843)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$	1,063,770

The District will receive no sublease revenues or pay any contingent rentals for these leased assets.

NOTE 8 - EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVES

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 47, *Accounting for Termination Benefits,* termination benefits including benefits provided by employers to employees as an inducement to hasten the termination of services, such as early retirement incentives, should be recognized when the employees accept the offer and the amounts can be estimated.

The District offers an early retirement incentive program through the Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS), where eligible employees receive a lump sum benefit based on their years of service at retirement. In general, this benefit is available to employees who are at least 50% FTE with 10 or more years of service with the District and who retire under the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 8 - EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVES (CONCLUDED)

The liability reported is the present value of future expected cash flows, using a 5% discount rate. The cost for this benefit in fiscal year 2018-19 was \$55,477. At June 30, 2019, the liability is \$154,007 for thirteen retirees.

Future payments as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Annual ayments
2020	\$ 67,500
2021	62,500
2022	30,000
2023	 10,000
Total payments	170,000
Less amounts representing interest	 (15,993)
Present value of annual payments	\$ 154,007

NOTE 9 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The District's defined benefit plan, Kentfield School District's Other Post Employment Benefits Plan (Plan), is a single-employer defined benefit health care plan administered by the District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Plan Descriptions/Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical, prescription drug, dental and vision benefits. Active employees and retirees are offered a choice of five medical/prescription drug options from Kaiser Permanente and Blue Shield of California, with prescription drug carved out and provided through Navitus for the two Blue Shield options. These coverages are self-insured on a pooled basis by the Self-Insured Schools of California (SISC III), effective October 1, 2017. In addition, all groups are offered dental and vision benefits through Delta Dental and VSP Vision, respectively.

Certificated and Classified employees (including management) who attain age 55 and have completed at least 5 years of continuous service are eligible to retire with District-paid medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverages, to a maximum of the Kaiser Traditional single rate for active employees (currently \$647.00/month), plus retiree-only dental and vision premiums (currently \$57.63/month and \$16.15/month, respectively) for a total of \$720.78/month, pro-rated for part-time service, if applicable. Retirees may cover dependents at their own expense. District-paid benefits end at age 65.

Plan benefits and contribution requirements for both the employee and the District are established by labor agreements. All contracts with District employees may be renegotiated at various times in the future and, thus, benefits and costs are subject to change.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 9 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Employees covered by benefit terms

The number of employees covered by the benefit terms of the plan as of July 1, 2017 are as follows:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	8
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	0
Active employees	99
Total number of participants	107

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$1,863,345 was measured as of June 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017. Standard actuarial update procedures were used to project/discount from the actuarial valuation to the measurement dates.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial methods, assumptions, and other inputs, applied to all periods unless otherwise specified:

Measurement Period	July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation	3.00%
Salary Increases	3.00%
Discount Rates	3.62% for June 30, 2018
	3.13% for June 30, 2019
Healthcare cost trend rate	5.0% for 2019 and later years

Because the Plan is unfunded, the yield for the 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bond was used to determine the liability. The discount rate was based on the Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index.

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, without projection. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Health Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, without projection.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on a review of plan experience during the period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 9 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability	
Balance at July 1, 2018	\$	1,714,710
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		156,226
Interest on total OPEB liability		59,855
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		56,141
Benefit payments *		(123,587)
Net change in OPEB liability		148,635
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	1,863,345

* Includes implicit subsidy factor of 1.5282

There were no changes in benefit terms since the July 1, 2017 valuation.

Sensitivity of the District's Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the District's total OPEB liability as of the measurement date, calculated using the current discount rate of 3.13%, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.13%) or one percentage point higher (4.13%) than the current rate:

	Di	scount Rate	Dis	scount Rate	Di	scount Rate
	19	6 Decrease	С	urrent Rate	1	% Increase
		2.13%		3.13%		4.13%
District's total OPEB liability	\$	1,983,567	\$	1,863,345	\$	1,750,732

<u>Sensitivity of the District's Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend</u> <u>Rates</u>

The following table presents the District's total OPEB liability as of the measurement date, calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rate of 5.00%, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower (4.00%) or one percentage point higher (6.00%) than the current rate:

	Healthcare Cost Trend Rate		-	lealthcare Cost Rate	 Healthcare st Trend Rate
		4.00%		5.00%	 6.00%
District's total OPEB liability	\$	1,676,583	\$	1,863,345	\$ 2,077,961

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 9 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONCLUDED)

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> <u>Related to OPEB</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$216,636. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources of \$48,754 and deferred inflows of resources of \$40,228 related to changes in assumptions and other inputs. The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are amortized over 7.6 years and 7.9 years, respectively.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30	
2020	\$ 555
2021	555
2022	555
2023	555
2024	555
Thereafter	5,751

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT PLANS

Qualified employees are covered under retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are eligible to participate under the multipleemployer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are eligible to participate under the multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

The District reported net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense in the accompanying government-wide financial statements as follows:

Pension Plan	Net Pension Liabilities	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Pension Expense
CalSTRS CalPERS	\$ 14,331,502 2 487 202	\$ 3,810,536 1,000,530	\$ 1,207,044 220,333	\$ 2,888,337 685.061
Totals	3,487,203 \$ 17,818,705	\$ 4,811,066	\$ 1,427,377	685,061 \$ 3,573,398

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) provides pension benefits, including disability and survivor benefits, to California full-time and part-time public school teachers and certain other employees of the public school system. The Teachers' Retirement Law (California Education Code Section 22000 et seq.), as enacted and amended by the California Legislature and Governor, established the plan and CalSTRS as the administrator. The terms of the plan may be amended through legislation. CalSTRS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan that can be found on the CalSTRS website.

Benefits Provided

The State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs and to defray reasonable expenses for administering the STRP. Although CaISTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the State of California is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the State is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The STRP Defined Benefit Program has two benefit formulas:

- CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform services that could be creditable to CalSTRS.
- CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform services that could be creditable to CalSTRS.

The Defined Benefit Program provides retirement benefits based on members' final compensation, age and years of service credit. In addition, the retirement program provides benefits to members upon disability and to their survivors or beneficiaries upon the death of eligible members. There are several differences between the two benefit formulas and some of the differences are noted below.

CalSTRS 2% at 60

CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to a maximum of 2.4% at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2% to the age factor, up to the 2.4% maximum.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Concluded)

CalSTRS 2% at 60 (Concluded)

CalSTRS calculates retirement benefits based on one-year final compensation for members with 25 or more years of credited service, or for classroom teachers with fewer than 25 years of credited service if the employer entered into, extended, renewed, or amended an agreement prior to January 1, 2014, to elect to pay the additional benefit cost for all of its classroom teachers. One year final compensation means a member's highest average annual compensation earnable for 12 consecutive months based on the creditable compensation that a member could earn in a school year while employed on a full-time basis. For most members with fewer than 25 years of credited service, final compensation is the highest average annual compensation that a member could earn and school year while employed on a full-time basis.

CalSTRS 2% at 62

CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4% at age 65 or older.

All CalSTRS 2% at 62 members have their final compensation based on their highest average annual compensation earnable for 36 consecutive months based on the creditable compensation that a member could earn in a school year while employed on a full-time basis.

Contributions

Required member, employer and state contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and are detailed in the Teachers' Retirement Law. A summary of statutory contribution rates and other sources of contributions to the Defined Benefit Program are as follows:

<u>Members</u>: Pursuant to AB 1469, the CalSTRS member contribution rates were as follows: Under CalSTRS 2% at 60, the member contribution rate was 10.25% of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2018-19. Under CalSTRS 2% at 62, the member contribution rate was 10.205% of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2018-19.

<u>Employers</u>: Pursuant to AB 1469, the employer contribution rate was 16.28% of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2018-19. The District contributed \$1,449,320 to the plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. <u>California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)</u>

Contributions (Concluded)

<u>State</u>: The contribution was 2.017% of the members' creditable earnings from the fiscal year ending in the prior calendar year. Also, as a result of AB 1469, the additional state appropriation required to fully fund the benefits in effect as of 1990 by 2046 is specified in Education Code Section 22955.1(b). The additional state contribution for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 was 5.311%. Including a 2.50% contribution for SBMA funding, the total state appropriation to the defined benefit program was 9.828% for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability associated with the District was as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 14,331,502
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	8,205,455
Total net pension liability attributed to District	\$ 22,536,957

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers and the State. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017 was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2018	0.0156%
Proportion - June 30, 2017	0.0157%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	-0.0001%

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,888,337, which includes \$1,308,040 of support provided by the State. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. <u>California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)</u>

District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Concluded)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 1,449,320	
Differences between expected and actual experience	44,845	\$ 216,229
Changes of assumptions	2,246,495	
Changes in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions	69,876	461,083
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		529,732
Totals	\$ 3,810,536	\$ 1,207,044

The deferred outflows of resources related to District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2020	\$ 456,578
2021	236,363
2022	(148,638)
2023	203,508
2024	420,482
2025	(14,121)

Differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, and changes in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions are amortized over a closed period equal to the average remaining service life of plan members, which is 7 years as of June 30, 2018. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed 5-year period.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability for the STRP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2018. In determining the total pension liability, the financial reporting actuarial valuation used the following methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Experience Study	July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return ¹	7.10%
Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Wage Growth	3.50%
Post-retirement Benefit Increases	2.00% simple for DB (Annually)
	Maintain 85% purchasing power level for DB

¹ Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base morality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases of life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2016) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance - PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in February 2017 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each future valuation, CalSTRS consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions.

Best estimates of 20-year geometrically-linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. <u>California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)</u>

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Concluded)

	Assumed Asset	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*
Global Equity	47%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12%	0.30%
Real Estate	13%	5.20%
Private Equity	13%	9.30%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	9%	2.90%
Inflation Sensitive	4%	3.80%
Cash / Liquidity	2%	-1.00%
Total	100%	

* 20-year average

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers are made at statutory contribution rates as previously described. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10%) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expenses occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the</u> <u>Discount Rate</u>

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of the measurement date, calculated using the current discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.10%) or one percentage point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 20,993,973	\$ 14,331,502	\$ 8,807,667

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Concluded)

Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

B. <u>California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)</u>

Plan Description, Benefits Provided, and Employees Covered

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by the CalPERS. All employees who work at least half time or are appointed to a job that will last at least six months and one day are eligible for CalPERS. Benefits vest after five years. Employees are eligible to retire at or after age 50 having attained five years of credited service and are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Employees hired after January 1, 2013 with five years of credit service must be at least age 52 to retire.

The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013 are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary, and new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013 are required to contribute the higher of 50% of the total normal cost rate for their defined benefit plan or 7.0% of their salary.

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 was 18.062% of annual payroll. The District's contribution to CalPERS for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 was \$340,426.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. <u>California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)</u>

<u>District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred</u> <u>Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

As of June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$3,487,203 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2017 was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2018	0.0131%
Proportion - June 30, 2017	0.0141%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	-0.0010%

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$685,061, which includes \$118,243 of support provided by the State. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		h	Deferred nflows of esources
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	340,426		
Differences between expected and actual experience		234,008		
Changes of assumptions		372,266		
Changes in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions			\$	220,333
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		53,830		
Totals	\$	1,000,530	\$	220,333

The deferred outflows of resources related to District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)

District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Concluded)

Year Ended June 30	
2020 2021	\$ 303,298 216,482
2022	(59,426)
2023	(20,583)

Differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, and changes in employer's proportion and differences in employer's contributions and employer's proportionate share of contributions are amortized over a closed period equal to the average remaining service life of plan members, which is 4 years as of June 30, 2018. The net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments is amortized over a 5-year period on a straight-line basis.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date Measurement Date Actuarial Cost Method	June 30, 2017 June 30, 2018 Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Wage Growth	Varies
Investment Rate of Return	7.15%
Post Retirement Benefit Increase (1)	

(1) 2.00% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.50% thereafter

The mortality rate table used was developed based on CaIPERS specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study from 1997 to 2015. Further details of the experience study can be found on the CalPERS website.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. <u>California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)</u>

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments were applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both shortterm and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects expected real rates of return by asset class. The rates of return were calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate.

Asset Class ⁽¹⁾	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 ⁽²⁾	Real Return Years 11+ ⁽³⁾
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100.0%		

(1) In the CalPERS CAFR, fixed income is included in global debt securities; liquidity is included in short-tern investments; inflation assets are included in both global equity securities and global debt securities.

(2) An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

(3) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONCLUDED))

B. <u>California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (Concluded)</u>

<u>Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the</u> <u>Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.15%) or one percentage point higher (8.15%) than the current rate:

	scount Rate 6 Decrease 6.15%	scount Rate urrent Rate 7.15%	scount Rate % Increase 8.15%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 5,077,201	\$ 3,487,203	\$ 2,168,072

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

C. <u>Social Security</u>

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by social security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use Social Security as its alternative plan. Contributions made by the District and participating employees vest immediately. Both the District and participating employees were required to contribute 6.2% of an employee's gross earnings, up to the annual limit.

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019, is shown below.

	 Balances luly 1, 2018	 Additions Deductions		Balances June 30, 2019		Due within One Year		
Long-Term Debt:								
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 39,690,000		\$	1,130,000	\$	38,560,000	\$	2,000,000
Bond Premiums	3,347,295			230,865		3,116,430		230,866
Capital Leases	1,198,581	\$ 39,577		174,388		1,063,770		170,453
Early Retirement Incentives	172,257	37,227		55,477		154,007		61,512
Other Long-Term Liabilities:								
Compensated Absences	112,803	9,995		7,120		115,678		115,678
Total OPEB Liability	1,714,710	272,222		123,587		1,863,345		
Net Pension Liabilities	 17,921,196	117,644		220,135		17,818,705		
Totals	\$ 64,156,842	\$ 476,665	\$	1,941,572	\$	62,691,935	\$	2,578,509

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONCLUDED)

The general obligation bonds are an obligation of the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund, which is primarily funded by property tax collections. The remaining long-term liabilities are obligations of the General Fund.

NOTE 12 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS MADE BY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to the State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) for K-12 Education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of \$1,308,040 to CalSTRS and \$118,243 to CalPERS.

NOTE 13 - FUND BALANCES

The District's fund balances at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

		Bond		Nen Maion	
	General	Interest & Redemption	Building	Non-Major Governmental	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Totals
Neversedebles	1 dild			1 4143	101013
Nonspendable:	\$ 700				\$ 700
Revolving Cash					
Total Nonspendable	700				700
Restricted:					
Categorical Programs	265,089				265,089
Capital Projects			\$ 8,820,773	\$ 18,599	8,839,372
Debt Service		\$ 4,215,384			4,215,384
Total Restricted	265,089	4,215,384	8,820,773	18,599	13,319,845
Assigned:					
Special Education	100,000				100,000
Enrollment Growth	322,519				322,519
Other Assignments				1,485,841	1,485,841
Total Assigned	422,519	0	0	1,485,841	1,908,360
Unassigned:					
Reserve for Economic Uncertainties	985,074				985,074
Remaining Unassigned Balances	350,572				350,572
Total Unassigned	1,335,646	0	0	0	1,335,646
Total Fund Balances	\$ 2,023,954	\$ 4,215,384	\$ 8,820,773	\$ 1,504,440	\$ 16,564,551

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2018-19, the District participated in one joint power authority (JPA) for purposes of pooling for risk. There were no significant reductions in coverage during the year. Settlements have not exceeded coverage for each of the past three years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 15 - JOINT VENTURES

A. <u>Marin Schools Insurance Authority (MSIA)</u>

The District participates in a joint venture under a joint powers agreement with MSIA for workers' compensation and property and liability insurance. The relationship between the District and MSIA is such that MSIA is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

MSIA arranges for and/or provides coverage for its members. MSIA is governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. MSIA's governing board controls the operations of MSIA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the Board. Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionately to their participation in MSIA. MSIA is audited on an annual basis. Audit financial statements can be obtained by contacting MSIA's management.

B. <u>Marin Pupil Transportation Agency (MPTA)</u>

The District participates in a joint venture under a joint powers agreement with MPTA for pupil transportation services for special education children. The relationship between the District and MPTA is such that MPTA is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

MPTA arranges for and/or provides special education transportation services for its members. MPTA is governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. MPTA's board controls the operations of MPTA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the Board. Each member district pays a fee commensurate with the level of service requested, and shares surpluses and deficits proportionately to their participation in MPTA. MPTA is audited on an annual basis. Audited financial statements can be obtained by contacting MPTA's management.

NOTE 16 - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

During the year, the District received \$4,374,964 of parcel tax revenue that is subject to voter approval. The District also received \$1,540,778 from the Kentfield Schools Foundation, a non-profit, public benefit corporation that is subject to voluntary public contributions to the organization.

NOTE 17 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. <u>State and Federal Allowances, Awards and Grants</u>

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursements will not be material.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 17 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONCLUDED)

B. <u>Litigation</u>

The District is subject to various legal proceedings and claims. In the opinion of management, the ultimate liability with respect to these actions will not materially affect the financial position or results of operations of the District.

C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2019, the District has the following commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects:

Capital Projects	C	Remaining Construction Commitment	Expected Date of Completion
Bacich Elementary School Modernization & New Classroom Building	\$	3,651,832	Fall 2019
Kent Middle School Security Fence		145,519	Fall 2019
Kent Back 50		333,777	Winter 2019

NOTE 18 - RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

During fiscal year 2017-18, the District understated the balance of projects classified as Work-In-Progress. As a result, the beginning net position of the District has been restated to reflect the prior year understatement. The effect of the restatement on the current year financial statement is as follows:

	Statement of Activities
Net Position (Deficit) - July 1, 2018 (as originally stated)	\$ (6,786,287)
Understatement of Work-In-Progress	 389,438
Net Position (Deficit) - July 1, 2018 (as restated)	\$ (6,396,849)

NOTE 19 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District's management has evaluated events or transactions that occurred for possible recognition or disclosure in the financial statements from the balance sheet date through December 6, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Management has determined that there were no subsequent events or transactions that require disclosure in or adjustment to the current year financial statements, except as noted below.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 19 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONCLUDED)

CONSTRUCTION PROJECT

In July 2019, the District entered into a construction contract for \$438,785 to update the restrooms at Bacich Elementary School.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION

KENTFIELD SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
<u>Revenues</u>					
LCFF Sources: State Apportionment / Transfers Local Sources	\$	\$	\$	\$ (4,870) 139,181	
Total LCFF Sources	9,958,279	10,086,125	10,220,436	134,311	
Federal Revenue Other State Revenue Other Local Revenue	219,035 1,170,308 6,314,347	234,861 2,005,039 6,953,318	235,986 2,056,426 6,976,163	1,125 51,387 22,845	
Total Revenues	17,661,969	19,279,343	19,489,011	209,668	
<u>Expenditures</u> Current:					
Certificated Salaries Classified Salaries Employee Benefits Books and Supplies Services and Other Operating Expenditures Capital Outlay	8,610,321 2,129,636 4,646,818 551,961 1,399,021 10,800	9,069,306 2,284,350 5,350,162 710,898 1,639,934 373,770	9,146,482 2,255,601 5,341,321 616,592 1,692,717 33,063	(77,176) 28,749 8,841 94,306 (52,783) 340,707	
Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges Other Expenditures Total Expenditures	46,612 522,017 17,917,186	139,824 389,750 19,957,994	174,388 46,978 365,156 19,672,298	(34,564) (46,978) 24,594 285,696	
Excess of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(255,217)	(678,651)	(183,287)	495,364	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers Out Other Sources		39,577	(72,000) 39,577	(72,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	39,577	(32,423)	(72,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(255,217)	(639,074)	(215,710)	\$ 423,364	
Fund Balances - July 1, 2018	2,239,664	2,239,664	2,239,664		
Fund Balances - June 30, 2019	\$ 1,984,447	\$ 1,600,590	\$ 2,023,954		

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS *

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2019			2018	
Total OPEB Liability					
Service Cost	\$	156,226	\$	160,085	
Interest on Total OPEB Liability		59,855		50,158	
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs		56,141		(53,892)	
Benefit Payments		(123,587)		(87,626)	
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		148,635		68,725	
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		1,714,710	_	1,645,985	
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	1,863,345	\$	1,714,710	
Covered-employee Payroll	\$	9,285,799	\$	7,549,317	
District's Total OPEB Liability as					
Percentage of Covered-employee Payroll		20.07%		22.71%	

* This is a 10-year schedule, however the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Additional years will be added to this schedule as information becomes available until 10 years are presented.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS *

JUNE 30, 2019

Plan

			State's			District's	Fiduciary
			Proportionate			Proportionate	Net Position
		District's	Share			Share of the	As a % of
Year	District's	Proportionate	of the NPL	Total NPL	District's	NPL as a % of	Total
Ended	Proportion	Share	Associated	Attributed	Covered	Covered	Pension
June 30	of the NPL	of the NPL	to District	to District	Payroll	Payroll	Liability
2019	0.0156%	\$14,331,502	\$ 8,205,455	\$ 22,536,957	\$8,300,631	172.66%	70.99%
2018	0.0157%	14,551,637	8,608,625	23,160,262	8,339,396	174.49%	69.46%
2017	0.0160%	12,911,214	9,109,184	22,020,398	7,955,620	162.29%	70.04%
2016	0.0166%	11,180,790	7,398,590	18,579,380	7,708,288	145.05%	74.02%
2015	0.0164%	9,583,668	6,536,727	16,120,395	7,294,958	131.37%	76.52%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined based on a measurement date that was one year prior to the year-end date. This is a 10-year schedule, however the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Additional years will be added to this schedule as information becomes available until 10 years are presented.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS *

Year Ended June 30	District's Proportion of the NPL	District's Proportionate Share of the NPL	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the NPL as a % of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position As a % of Total Pension Liability
2019	0.0131%	\$ 3,487,203	\$ 1,725,079	202.15%	70.85%
2018	0.0141%	3,369,559	1,799,906	187.21%	71.87%
2017	0.0147%	2,906,491	1,765,527	164.62%	73.90%
2016	0.0152%	2,246,517	1,687,308	133.14%	79.43%
2015	0.0146%	1,657,455	1,531,035	108.26%	83.38%

JUNE 30, 2019

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined based on a measurement date that was one year prior to the year-end date. This is a 10-year schedule, however the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Additional years will be added to this schedule as information becomes available until 10 years are presented.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS *

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Year Ended June 30	Actuarially Determined Contributions	ContributionsIn Relation toContractuallyContributionRequiredDeficiency/Contributions(Excess)		District's Covered Payroll	Contributions As a % of Covered Payroll
2019	\$ 1,449,320	\$ 1,449,320	\$ -	\$ 8,902,457	16.28%
2018	1,225,431	1,225,431	-	8,492,245	14.43%
2017	1,057,934	1,057,934	-	8,409,650	12.58%
2016	856,411	856,411	-	7,981,463	10.73%
2015	680,699	680,699	-	7,665,529	8.88%

* This is a 10-year schedule, however the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Additional years will be added to this schedule as information becomes available until 10 years are presented.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS *

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Year Ended June 30	De	ctuarially etermined ntributions	Required Def		Defici	tribution District's iciency/ Covered iccess) Payroll			Contributions As a % of Covered Payroll
2019	\$	340,426	\$	340,426	\$	-	\$	1,884,764	18.062%
2018		263,362		263,362		-		1,695,718	15.531%
2017		250,318		250,318		-		1,802,405	13.888%
2016		208,867		208,867		-		1,763,037	11.847%
2015		198,612		198,612		-		1,687,299	11.771%

* This is a 10-year schedule, however the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Additional years will be added to this schedule as information becomes available until 10 years are presented.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

A. <u>Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual</u>

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, the District is required to present a Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance budgetary comparison for the General Fund and each Major Special Revenue Fund that has an adopted budget. This schedule presents the original adopted budget, final adopted budget, and the actual revenues and expenditures of each of these funds by object. The basis of budgeting is the same as Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

Excess of expenditures over appropriations at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

General Fund	Excess Denditures
Certificated Salaries	\$ 77,176
Services and Other Operating Expenditures	52,783
Debt Service: Principal Retirement	34,564
Debt Service: Interest and Fiscal Charges	46,978

The District incurred unanticipated expenditures in excess of appropriations in the above expenditure classifications for which the budget was not revised.

B. <u>Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios</u>

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, the District is required to present a 10-year schedule including certain information for each OPEB plan. The information required to be presented includes certain components that make up the changes in the total OPEB liability, the total OPEB liability, the covered-employee payroll, and the total OPEB liability as a percentage of the District's covered-employee payroll.

C. <u>Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability</u>

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, the District is required to present separately for each cost-sharing pension plan through which pensions are provided a 10-year schedule presenting certain information. The information required to be presented includes the District's proportion and proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, the portion of the nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the collective net pension liability associated with the District, if applicable, the District's covered payroll, the District's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES (CONCLUDED)

D. <u>Schedule of Contributions</u>

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, the District is required to present separately for each cost-sharing pension plan through which pensions are provided a 10-year schedule presenting certain information. The information required to be presented includes the statutorily or contracted required District contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the required District contribution, the difference between the required District contribution and the amount recognized by the pension plan, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation of the District as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

NOTE 2 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Trust Assets

The District has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the July 1, 2017 valuation.

Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs

The discount rate changed from 3.62% at June 30, 2018 to 3.13% at June 30, 2019.

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY OF CHANGES FOR CALSTRS AND CALPERS

Benefit Changes

There were no changes to benefit terms since the previous valuation for either the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (CalSTRS) or the Public Employer's Retirement Fund B (CalPERS).

Changes of Assumptions

During fiscal year 2017-18, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance with the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017.

As a result of the study, CalPERS changed the following assumption used in determining the NPL as follows:

Assumption	<u>As of June 30, 2018</u>	<u>As of June 30, 2017</u>
Inflation	2.50%	2.75%

There were no changes in assumptions since the previous valuation for CalSTRS.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION

ORGANIZATION/BOARD OF EDUCATION/ADMINISTRATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

ORGANIZATION

The Kentfield School District is situated in Marin County, approximately 10 miles north of San Francisco. The District currently operates one elementary school and one middle school. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the year.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

<u>Name</u>	Office	Term Expires
Heather McPhail Sridharan	President	December 2022
Sarah Killingsworth	Clerk	December 2022
Quoc Tran	Member	December 2020
David Riedel	Member	December 2020
Davina Goldwasser	Member	December 2022

ADMINISTRATION

Elizabeth Schott Superintendent

Barbara Johnson Business Manager

KENTFIELD SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		Capital acilities	:	Kent Middle School mnasium		Capital Projects - Special Reserve		Total Ion-Major vernmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>	¢	25.204	¢	105 704	¢	4 200 527	¢	4 544 745
Deposits and Investments	\$	25,394	\$	105,784	\$	1,380,537	\$	1,511,715
Total Assets	\$	25,394	\$	105,784	\$	1,380,537	\$	1,511,715
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u> Liabilities: Accounts Payable	\$	6,795			\$	480	\$	7,275
Accounts r ayable	Ψ	0,7 35			Ψ	+00	Ψ	1,210
Fund Balances: Restricted Assigned		18,599	\$	105,784		1,380,057		18,599 1,485,841
Total Fund Balances		18,599		105,784		1,380,057		1,504,440
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	25,394	\$	105,784	\$	1,380,537	\$	1,511,715

KENTFIELD SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Capital acilities	Kent Middle School mnasium	Capital Projects - Special Reserve	Total Non-Major overnmental Funds
<u>Revenues</u>				
Local Revenue	\$ 44,275	\$ 1,845	\$ 25,131	\$ 71,251
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Current:				
Plant Services		3,140		3,140
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	 30,930	 	 76,978	 107,908
Total Expenditures	 30,930	 3,140	 76,978	 111,048
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	13,345	(1,295)	(51,847)	(39,797)
Other Financing Sources Other Sources			 220,000	 220,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	13,345	(1,295)	168,153	180,203
Fund Balances - July 1, 2018	 5,254	 107,079	 1,211,904	 1,324,237
Fund Balances - June 30, 2019	\$ 18,599	\$ 105,784	\$ 1,380,057	\$ 1,504,440

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		P-2 Re	port	
	TK / K - 3	4 - 6	7 - 8	Totals
Regular ADA	486.12	385.39	300.87	1,172.38
Special Education - Nonpublic			2.54	2.54
Extended Year - Nonpublic			0.14	0.14
Totals	486.12	385.39	303.55	1,175.06
		Annual F	Report	
	TK / K - 3	4 - 6	7 - 8	Totals
Regular ADA	487.55	385.49	300.97	1,174.01

Special Education - Nonpublic			3.43	3.43
Extended Year - Nonpublic			0.14	0.14
Totals	487.55	385.49	304.54	1,177.58

SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Grade Level	Minutes Required	2018-19 Actual Minutes	Number of Days Traditional Calendar	Number of Days Multitrack Calendar	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	37,380	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 1	50,400	50,450	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 2	50,400	50,450	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 3	50,400	55,568	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 4	54,000	55,568	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 5	54,000	61,489	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 6	54,000	61,489	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 7	54,000	61,489	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 8	54,000	61,489	180	N/A	In Compliance

KENTFIELD SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General Fund	Deferred Maintenance Fund
June 30, 2019 Annual Financial and Budget Report Fund Balances	\$ 2,016,436	\$ 7,518
Reclassifications Increasing (Decreasing) Fund Balances: Reclassification of Fund Balances	7,518	(7,518)
June 30, 2019 Audited Financial Statements Fund Balances	\$ 2,023,954	<u>\$0</u>

Auditor's Comments

The fund balances of the General Fund and Deferred Maintenance Fund have been combined for financial reporting purposes in accordance with GASB 54.

The audited financial statements of all other funds were in agreement with the Annual Financial and Budget Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	GENERAL FUND			
	(Budget) 2019-20 ⁽¹⁾	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17
Revenues and Other Financial Sources	\$ 18,753,046	\$ 19,489,011	\$ 18,119,291	\$ 17,036,185
Expenditures	19,008,161	19,672,298	17,872,160	17,095,152
Other Uses and Transfers Out	0	32,423	233,368	1,020
Total Outgo	19,008,161	19,704,721	18,105,528	17,096,172
Change in Fund Balance	(255,115)	(215,710)	13,763	(59,987)
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 1,768,839	\$ 2,023,954	\$ 2,239,664	\$ 2,225,901
Available Reserves	\$ 1,427,278	\$ 1,335,646	\$ 1,708,384	\$ 1,523,185
Reserve for Economic Uncertainties ⁽²⁾	\$ 950,208	\$ 985,074	\$ 892,115	\$ 862,289
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo	7.5%	6.8%	9.4%	8.9%
Average Daily Attendance at P-2	1,156	1,175	1,187	1,210
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 60,113,426	\$ 62,691,935	\$ 64,156,842	\$ 43,850,843

⁽¹⁾ Amounts have been adjusted to ensure comparability with the current year GASB 54 financial statement presentation.

⁽²⁾ Reported balances are a component of available reserves.

The fund balance of the General Fund decreased \$201,947 (9.1%) over the past two years. The fiscal year 2019-20 budget projects a decrease of \$255,115 (12.6%). For a district this size, the state recommends available reserves of at least 3% of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District incurred operating deficits of \$215,710 and \$59,987 during fiscal years 2018-19 and 2016-17, respectively, and produced an operating surplus of \$13,763 during fiscal year 2017-18.

Average daily attendance (ADA) decreased 35 ADA or 2.9% over the past two years. The District anticipates a further decrease of 19 ADA (1.6%) during fiscal year 2019-20.

Total long-term liabilities increased \$18,841,092 over the past two years, due primarily to the issuance of \$18,000,000 of general obligation bonds during fiscal year 2017-18.

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

A. <u>Combining Statements</u>

Combining statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis, and are not a required part of the District's basic financial statements. These statements present more detailed information about the financial position and financial activities of the District's individual funds.

B. <u>Schedule of Average Daily Attendance</u>

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

C. <u>Schedule of Instructional Time</u>

The District participated in the Longer Day incentive funding program for the current fiscal year, but did not meet or exceed its LCFF target funding. This schedule presents information on the instructional days provided and the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with Article 8 (commencing with Section 46200) of Chapter 2 of Part 26 of the Education Code.

D. <u>Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements</u>

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances of all funds, as reported in the Annual Financial and Budget Report to the audited financial statements.

E. <u>Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis</u>

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS SECTION

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Board of Education Kentfield School District Kentfield, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Kentfield School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Educational Agencies and State Compliance Reporting that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's state programs identified on the following page for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of state laws and regulations applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Educational Agencies and State Compliance Reporting (Audit Guide), prescribed in the California Code of Regulations, Title 5, section 19810 and following. Those standards and the Audit Guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the District's state programs occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Kentfield School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with state laws and regulations. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Kentfield School District's compliance with those requirements.

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine Kentfield School District's compliance with state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

Board of Education Kentfield School District Page Two

Description	Procedures <u>Performed</u>
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools: Attendance Teacher Certification and Misassignments Kindergarten Continuance Independent Study Continuation Education Instructional Time Instructional Materials Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers Classroom Teacher Salaries Early Retirement Incentive Gann Limit Calculation School Accountability Report Card Juvenile Court Schools Middle or Early College High Schools K-3 Grade Span Adjustment Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes Yes Not Applicable Not Applicable Yes Yes Yes Not Applicable Yes Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction Comprehensive School Safety Plan District of Choice	Not Applicable Yes Not Applicable
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools: California Clean Energy Jobs Act After/Before School Education and Safety Program Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts Local Control and Accountability Plan Independent Study-Course Based	Yes Not Applicable Yes Yes Yes Not Applicable
Charter Schools: Attendance Mode of Instruction Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable

Opinion on State Compliance

In our opinion, Kentfield School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Board of Education Kentfield School District Page Three

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Educational Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Stephen Roatch Accountancy Corporation

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION Certified Public Accountants

December 6, 2019

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Kentfield School District Kentfield, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kentfield School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 6, 2019 that included an unmodified opinion on the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information and an adverse opinion on the discretely presented component unit. The report on the financial statements included an adverse opinion on the discretely presented component unit because the financial statements do not include financial data for the District's legally separate component unit. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the financial data for the component unit to be reported with the financial data of the District's primary government unless the District also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component unit. The District has not issued such reporting entity financial statements.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Board of Education Kentfield School District Page Two

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Concluded)

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Stephen Roatch Accountancy Corporation

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION Certified Public Accountants

December 6, 2019

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS SECTION

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified with Adverse Opinion on Discretely Presented Component Unit
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiencies identified not considered	Yes X_No
to be material weaknesses?	Yes X None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No
State Awards	
Any audit findings required to be reported in accordance with the 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Educational Agencies and State Compliance Reporting?	Yes X_No
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

There are no matters to report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

SECTION III - STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

There are no matters to report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Recommendations

Current Status

Explanation If Not Fully Implemented

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2018 - 001 / 30000

EXPENDITURE RECOGNITION

The District should establish appropriate procedures to ensure that all material expenditures, especially those related to capital projects, are recorded in the appropriate financial reporting period.

Implemented